HILL OF FIRE
Author: Thomas P. Lewis
Illustrator: Joan Sandin
Publisher: HarperCollins

THEME:
An exploration of one of Mother Nature’s most awesome spectacles, the volcano, reveals how the Earth was created.

PROGRAM SUMMARY:
Based on the true story of the eruption of the Paricutin volcano in Mexico, a volcano is born in a poor farmer’s cornfield. At Volcano National Park in Hawaii, LeVar is only 2000 feet from a major eruption of Kilauea. He tells why volcanoes occur and describes two kinds of lava. Viewers learn what is inside the earth that causes volcanoes, as LeVar talks to volcanologists who are learning to predict eruptions. LeVar also visits an artist who creates raku pottery.

TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION:
Ask students what they would save first, if they were ever involved in a natural disaster (e.g., earthquake, flood, forest fire, hurricane, volcano erupting) that required them to leave their homes. Have them give reasons for their choices.

Why did the villagers give the volcano the name, “El Monstruo” (The Monster)? Discuss with students the villagers’ lack of understanding about what was happening.

Ask students if there are any tasks in their lives that seem so routine that they often grow tired of doing them. What are these tasks? At times when they feel bored, what do they do to relieve the boredom?

Discuss why volcanologists would be interested in the Paricutin volcano. (Because few people have ever witnessed the formation of a volcano, they can learn more about how it happens.)

CURRICULUM EXTENSION ACTIVITIES:
Provide books about volcanoes for students to look through for information about famous eruptions, such as Paricutin (Mexico), Mount St. Helens (Washington state), Vesuvius (Italy), Mount Etna (Sicily), Mauna Loa and Kilauea (Hawaii), Krakatoa (Indonesia), Surtsey (Iceland), and others. (Encourage them to watch the evening news and newspapers for word of any active volcanoes.) Have them locate the sites of these volcanic eruptions on a map of the world and mark the spots with word labels.

Discuss with students whether the story, Hill of Fire, is fact or fiction. (It is a fictionalized account of an actual event.) Have them find details about the event and complete a chart: Who? (Dionisio Pulido); What? (had a volcano erupt in his cornfield); Where? (near the small village of Paricutin in Mexico); When? (February 20, 1943); Other facts? (The cone of the volcano grew to 35 feet overnight, 150 feet by midday the next day, and 460 feet within a week. Paricutin and another village were destroyed, but no lives were lost. Over 2000 people had to move away.)

In the program, LeVar introduces viewers to many vocabulary terms associated with the earth and volcanoes. In order for students to understand these words more fully, divide the class into small groups. Have one group make a large cutaway drawing of the earth, showing the inner core, outer core, mantle, and crust. (Before they make the drawing, they might be interested in knowing that when representing the Earth with a four-inch diameter circle, the crust would be less than the width of a pencil line. This fact will help them to figure, proportionally, how relatively thin the Earth’s crust is.)

Have another small group make a large cutaway drawing of a volcano, labeling all the parts, including the magma chamber, vents, lava flow, layers of lava and ash from previous eruptions, and the cone.

Have a third group prepare an illustrated glossary of terms, including those used by the groups making the drawings of the Earth and volcano, as well as other words from the program and their research on volcanoes. These terms might include pumice, pahoehoe, aa, seismograph (or seismometer), dormant, active, extinct, crater, and additional terms they find interesting. Display the glossary along with the drawings.

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Divide the class into cooperative groups to report Paricutin’s eruption on the television news. Students might interview the farmer and his son and some townspeople about what is happening. They might interview a volcanologist about the activity. A reporter might be on the scene describing the eruption as it happens. A newscaster might be in the studio, showing the site on a map and providing information about other volcanoes that have erupted. A reporter might interview the farmer a year later to see what his reactions are to the volcano and his new life. Allow the groups to rehearse and then present their reports to the rest of the class.

Have students research Hawaii. Look at maps of the islands. Investigate the climate and agriculture. Locate photographs of the scenery. Have a tasting party of some fruits that grow there. Read Hawaiian folktales and listen to Hawaiian music. Invite someone who has lived in or visited Hawaii to come to the classroom and share her/his experiences.
RELATED THEMES:
natural disasters
rocks and minerals
islands

RELATED READING RAINBOW PROGRAMS:
Program #66 — The Magic School Bus Inside The Earth
Program #86 — Come A Tide

ABOUT THE AUTHOR:
Thomas P. Lewis was born in Mt. Vernon, New York, and is a graduate of Columbia University. He began writing children’s books while working for a publishing company in New York. Fascinated by the circumstances surrounding the eruption of Paricutin in Mexico, he wrote *Hill of Fire* as an “I Can Read Book.”

ABOUT THE ILLUSTRATOR:
A native of Tucson, Arizona, Joan Sandin is the author/illustrator of additional books in the “I Can Read” series. The illustrations for *Hill of Fire* were sketched at the actual Paricutin site.

BOOKS REVIEWED BY CHILDREN:
EMMA’S DRAGON HUNT
by Catherine Stock (Lothrop, Lee & Shepard)

ED EMBERLEY’S SCIENCE FLIP BOOKS
by Ed Emberley (Little, Brown)

THE TAMARINDO PUPPY AND OTHER POEMS
by Charlotte Pomerantz, illus. by Byron Barton (Greenwillow)

SUPPLEMENTARY BOOKLIST:
MAGIC DOGS OF THE VOLCANOES
by Manlio Argueta, illus. by Elly Simmons (Children’s Book Press)

VOLCANOES
by Franklyn M. Branley, illus. by Marc Simont (HarperCollins)

VOLCANOES
by Michele Ingber Drohan (Power Kids Press)

THE VILLAGE OF ROUND AND SQUARE HOUSES
by Ann Grifalconi (Little, Brown)

SURTSEY: THE NEWEST PLACE ON EARTH
by Kathryn Lasky, photos by Christopher G. Knight (Hyperion)

VOLCANO: THE ERUPTION AND HEALING OF MOUNT ST. HELENS
by Patricia Lauber (Bradbury)

VOLCANOES: MOUNTAINS THAT BLOW THEIR TOPS
by Nichola Nigriots, illus. by Michael Radencich (Grosset & Dunlap)

VOLCANOES
by Seymour Simon (Morrow)

VOLCANO & EARTHQUAKE
by Susanna Van Rose (Alfred A. Knopf)

FASCINATING FACTS ABOUT—VOLCANOES
by Jane Walker, illus. by Mike Saunders & Peter Kesteven (Millbrook)

VOLCANOES: EARTH’S INNER FIRE
by Sally M. Walker (Carolrhoda)
Ring of Fire is a song from the Silent Hill film. It was written by June Cash and Merle Kilgore in 1963, and was recorded by Johnny Cash. The song plays on the jukebox in the bowling alley when Rose Da Silva wakes up after having been assaulted by the Grey Children. The title is symbolic of what Rose will do to find her missing daughter, including descending into the depths of the Otherworld, an alternate reality characterized by fire and blood. It also alludes to what Rose had just experienced, as while on ranger duty, Michael and K.I.T.T. rescue a young kid named Darryl from a forest fire. When Darryl subsequently gets framed for arson, Michael sets out to prove the boy's innocence. Director: Bob Bralver (as Robert Bralver). Writers: Glen A. Larson (created by), Jackson Gillis. Stars The Yarnell Hill Fire was a wildfire near Yarnell, Arizona, ignited by lightning on June 28, 2013. On June 30, it overran and killed 19 members of the Granite Mountain Hotshots. Just one of the hotshots on the crew survived—he was posted as a lookout on the fire and was not with the others when the fire overtook them. The Yarnell Hill Fire was one of the deadliest U.S. wildfires since the 1991 East Bay Hills fire, which killed 25 people, and the deadliest wildland fire for U.S. firefighters since the